

Have You Anything to Sell?  
Try the WANT ADS.

Friday

# The Times Dispatch

September 19, 1913.

Have You Anything to Buy?  
Try the WANT ADS.

## Miller & Rhoads

For To-Day, We've Planned  
a Big

### Remnant Clearing Sale!

GREATER, not in volume so much, but IN INTEREST, for it involves hundreds and hundreds of dollars' worth of merchandise which heretofore have been held at regular prices, but which will go on sale to-day at BIG REDUCTIONS!

From the standpoint of EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS it will be the most important Friday sale we've held in six months.

DRESS GOODS,  
SILKS,  
WASH GOODS,  
LINENS,

SHIRTAWAISTS,  
DRESSES,  
SUITS,  
EMBROIDERY,

HOSIERY,  
CURTAINS,  
ALSO, MANY  
OTHER ITEMS.

## A Glove Sale Extraordinary!

To-day we will place on sale one hundred and twenty pairs of

Fownes' 16-Button White Kid  
Gloves, Regularly \$3.50 a Pair,  
at \$2.19

A Glove made of excellent quality of soft, elastic skins—  
three clasps at the wrist; all sizes. First Floor.

## NAB BURGLAR WHO WORKS TOO EARLY

Negro Plies Trade While Henrico  
Family Eats—Fugitive Back  
for Trial.

Caught redhanded in the act of robbing the home of David Giannotti, near Harding's Shop, Henrico County, early last night, William Johnson, colored, was held by members of the family until the arrival of a county officer, who took him to the Henrico County Jail, where he is being held on a charge of burglary.

The family was at supper when someone heard a man in the house. Without making an outcry, the men quietly investigated and surprised Johnson in the act of robbing one of the rooms. Before he could escape, he was seized and held captive until Special Officer William Jeffries took him into custody. He was held without bail for appearance before Magistrate T. J. Puryear this morning.

Deputy Sheriff Webb W. Snyder yesterday morning went to Newport News for William Edmundson, colored, who was held in that city for the Henrico police on a charge of larceny. He was accused of stealing \$25. A warrant for his arrest was issued on complaint of L. J. Montague, manager of the Young Buffalo circus, which recently played here.

Edmundson confessed taking the money when questioned, according to Mr. Snyder, and asked that he be dealt with as leniently as possible. According to his story, he was entrusted with the money by the showman and made off with it. Montague will be prosecuted with in order that he can return to prosecute the case.

### CALLS COUNCIL TOGETHER

Young Men's Registration Committee  
to Take Up Work for Coming Year.

President Fairfax C. Jones of the Young Men's Registration Committee, has issued a call for a meeting of the executive council on next Wednesday night at 8:30 o'clock in the red room at the Rostons Men's Club. This will be the first meeting of the council since last June, and it was called for the purpose of discussing preliminary plans for the work of the coming year. The committee has already decided to put on a city-wide canvass for the purpose of meeting all delinquent voters and urging them to qualify before the spring primary.

### FACES SERIOUS CHARGE

Peter Angelakos Held for Grand Jury on  
Complaint of Niece.

Peter Angelakos, twenty-four years old, was held for the grand jury yesterday morning in Police Court on a charge preferred against him by his niece, Stella Angelakos, of the alleged offense of committing sexual offenses with her. The alleged offense was committed several months ago, and the girl, who is now known until after the wedding, which resulted in the husband causing his wife to leave him, was held for the grand jury on the charge of breaking into the home of William H. Hope, 40 North Seventh Street, with intent to commit burglary.

She Wore Short Skirt.  
Ethel Rollins, twenty-two years old, was arrested yesterday by Patrolman Sweet when she appeared in the First Street car with a skirt which hung barely an inch below her knees. She was charged with being disorderly and appeared in the First Police Court this morning for her trial. She was held until after Justice Crutcher's session.

## THE SAVINGS BANK RICHMOND 111 E. MAIN ST.

No use claiming that you have no opportunity. You have the same chance as any one else; but try to save. One dollar starts an account.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY  
FOR POSTAL SAVINGS FUNDS

## COURT NOW READY TO HEAR CHARGES AGAINST MOVING PICTURES

Industrial School for Girls Will  
Be Investigated by Special  
Grand Jury.

### BON AIR PEOPLE COMPLAIN

Judge Southall Agrees to Have  
Sweeping Inquiry to Get at  
Bottom of Trouble.

Acting at the request of Commonwealth's Attorney J. H. Haskins, of Chesterfield County, Judge Robert C. Southall, of the Chesterfield Circuit Court, has announced that a special grand jury will be appointed to investigate conditions at the Virginia Home and Industrial School for Girls, located near Bon Air. The first request for the investigation was made by the Citizens' Association of Bon Air. William M. Justis, representing the association, joined with Mr. Hobson in urging Judge Southall to order a sweeping grand jury inquiry. The people of Bon Air demand that the institution be removed from that neighborhood, the Chesterfield County at the recent outbreaks of inmates and on the ground that the establishment is obnoxious and objectionable.

The investigation will be held within the next two weeks, it was stated last night by Mr. Hobson, but the exact date has not been decided upon. The next term of the Chesterfield Circuit Court will not be held until the early part of November, but in view of the instant demand, the petition, it was decided to conduct the probe without unnecessary delay. The investigation will be held at Chesterfield Court-house.

### Plans Are Not Given Out

Just what the plans of the special grand jury will be, or whether witnesses would be summoned, Mr. Hobson would not state, but he and Judge Southall are determined to get at the bottom of the trouble at the institution. Mr. Hobson was the representative of Chesterfield County at the investigation conducted before the State Board of Charities and Corrections, and while the findings of that body have not been attacked, the several outbreaks since its report have been the source of great annoyance to the county as well as to the citizens of Bon Air.

The home is located one mile south of Bon Air, and on account of the unpleasant notoriety connected with the institution, the citizens of that community met on the night of September 8, at the residence of Polk Miller, and passed resolutions setting forth their grievances. Objections were passed, as drawn, that an unskilled person might be placed in the position of judge as to the amount of light that should be maintained, and might in this manner make arbitrary rulings that would injure the theatre.

### Claims Home Is Nuisance

An investigation is demanded under Section 1229 A, Code of Virginia, for the abatement of nuisances. The town demands that the home be removed from its vicinity, even if the State takes its control. This stand is taken, it is stated in the resolution, because the community is growing and has among its inhabitants many children who might possibly be injuriously affected by its maintenance. The chief burden of the disorderly outbreaks, it is claimed, falls upon the immediate community, and that the change should be so radical in nature that the community would be spared further affliction from the institution, is urged. Bon Air is in a way connected with the Virginia Home and Industrial School for Girls, although the institution is within a mile of its borders, and is in no way responsible for its operation. One member of the board of directors only lives in the village. The majority of the others live in Richmond.

### MAKES MAIDEN TRIP

Sergeant Kerse and Son Hosts Aboard  
New Power Boat.

Sergeant J. H. Kerse and son, T. P. Kerse, the only enthusiastic yachtsmen boasted by the Police Department, were hosts yesterday to a large party of friends on the maiden trip of their new power boat, "Evelyn." Bright and early the start was made from the City Wharf, and the entire day was spent cruising on the waters of the James River.

### Report Stationery Stolen

E. P. Murphy & Son, Inc., of Sixteenth and Marshall Streets, yesterday reported to the police that their office had been entered and stationery valued at \$20 stolen.

### AWAIT NEW TARIFF

Local Importers Storing Foreign Goods in  
Bonded Warehouses.

Although local importers are holding up some foreign shipments in bonded warehouses until the new tariff law becomes effective, collections in the Richmond custom house for the month of September have been larger than in September of last year. On September 16 the receipts of the office had reached \$23,000, with the prospect of climbing much higher before the close of the month. The new tariff law, which is expected to be in effect by the end of the month, will not be affected by the new regime.

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## NAME CENSOR FOR MOVING PICTURES

City Electrician Must Say How  
Much Light Is to Flood  
Theatres.

### LYONS DEFENDS MOVIES

Ordinance Aimed at What  
Framers Believe Is Too  
Much Flirting.

Under an amended ordinance recommended last night by the Council Ordinance Committee, City Electrician Thompson is entrusted with the duty of regulating the amount of light that shall obtain in the city's motion picture theatres during the exhibition of pictures. The original measure as introduced by Councilman Moore vested the light regulation with the Police Department.

The provisions of the ordinance require every motion picture theatre in the city to maintain enough light in the house to enable every person present to see, within his line of vision, every other person in the theatre and what that person is doing. It is admitted that the ordinance is a little muddled aimed at the petty flirts which, it is charged, flourish under the protection of the enveloping darkness which characterizes some of the cheaper theatres.

### Says Theatres Don't Need It

"Every regular theatre in the city," said Manager Ed. J. Lyons, of the Lyric, who appeared before the committee in opposition to the measure, "carries now as much light as it can stand. To add more might be to impair the clearness and entertainment value of the pictures."

Mr. Lyons told the committee that he asked the city editors of Richmond's two leading papers if in their experience they have ever handled cases of immorality directly traceable to the darkness in motion picture houses, and that they had replied in the negative. It was impossible to legislate morality into young people, said Mr. Lyons, and as for the assertion that the ordinance would impair the clearness and entertainment value of the pictures, he said it was idle.

D. J. Toney, owner of the Theatre, was of the opinion that the moving picture shows are being conducted in a manner that is becoming more and more favorable with large congregations of any other nature in point of behavior and general decency.

### Fears Abuse

Every theatre owner in the city, said Mr. Lyons, would favor a regulation that would elevate the tone of the theatre and at the same time do no injury to the exhibition. He feared that if the ordinance were passed, as drawn, that an unskilled person might be placed in the position of judge as to the amount of light that should be maintained, and might in this manner make arbitrary rulings that would injure the theatre.

Mr. Lyons thought that no theatre owner in the city would object to the regulating action being vested in the City Electrician, who, he said, was an expert judge of the light needed for the most satisfactory projection. Acting on this suggestion, Councilman Vonderlehr, of the Administration Building, adopted, authorizing the City Electrician to conduct investigations and recommend changes wherever needed. The Police Department will enforce his rulings.

Councilman Moore, patron of the ordinance, reiterated his claim that dark motion picture houses are the recruiting grounds of petty vice, supporting his position by the testimony of a number of citizens who were of the same opinion. The amendment offered by Mr. Vonderlehr, he said, was entirely satisfactory, and did not detract from the ordinance regulation provided for by the act.

### COMMITTS THEFT IN JAIL

Negro Woman Gets Additional Four Months  
for Stealing Goods from Store.

Mary Johnson, a "trusty" at the City Jail, was convicted in Police Court yesterday of stealing goods from a store. She was sentenced to a four-months' term. The woman is now serving a twelve-months' sentence. Several days ago she was scrubbing the floor of the jail after the Board of Prisoners. She was caught attempting to pass a roll of bills to a friend who visited her. She was searched and \$11 found in her possession. She was promptly arrested.

### CHARTERS ISSUED

Charters were issued yesterday by the State Corporation Commission as follows:  
Eastern Home and Industrial School, Norfolk, Capital: \$20,000; minimum: \$10,000; maximum: \$30,000.  
Waverly Ice Corporation, Roanoke, Capital: \$20,000; minimum: \$10,000; maximum: \$30,000.  
H. R. Fairfax, Roanoke, Va., president; W. J. Dought, secretary, Norfolk.

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## VOTES FOR WOMEN NO NEW WRINKLE

Virginia Suffragists Desired  
Franchise Eighty-Four Years  
Ago.

### LEAGUE OPENS NEW SEASON

Miss Frayser Tells How Women  
Have Helped in Many  
States.

Evidence, in the form of a clipping from the Richmond Inquirer of 1829, to disprove the gibe that the votes for women movement in Virginia is a new wrinkle for the entertainment of unemployed social ladies, was produced at a reception last night in the Equal Suffrage League headquarters upon the occasion of the opening of the fall campaign.

"The demand for equal suffrage in Virginia is no new thing," said Miss Mary Frayser, of South Carolina, speaking to the large gathering. "This clipping shows that eighty-four years ago, in 1829, the women of this State petitioned the Virginia Convention for the right to exercise the voting franchise."

The new State headquarters of the league were formally opened last night. The small auditorium in the Commercial Building, on Second Street, between Broad and Grace, was crowded with men and women, and there were enough people unable to gain admittance to the hall to hold an overflow meeting in the next room. Violin and piano selections occupied a place on the program of the evening, and refreshments were served. Many names were signed to the petition which is to be handed to the next General Assembly.

### To War on Legislature

For several months the suffrage hosts have rested on their arms; last night the banners were shaken out, and the battle cry sounded, and the forces assembled to do battle against opponents in the Virginia Legislature and the Society for the Prevention of Equal Suffrage next January. Out of the calm came the prophecy that the fight for the female suffrage amendment will be warmer than ever before.

Following a short introductory address by Mrs. R. B. Valentine, president of the league, Miss Frayser was introduced. She ridiculed the idea that woman will lose any of her womanliness in taking up political rights, and as for the assertion that the women were mentally unfit to exercise the franchise, she produced statistics to prove that more men than women are illiterate in the United States.

### Suffrage Stimulates

"The effect of allowing women to mark the ballot has been found, in equal suffrage States, to be stimulating to the sense of political duty of the men," said Miss Frayser. "Knowing that the women will vote, the men feel that they should exercise their franchise. You often hear the assertion that in suffrage States women fall to use the vote after it has been given them. This is totally incorrect."

"The facts prove that in States where women are eligible to vote, from 70 to 95 per cent of the women exercise that right, as against from 60 to 85 per cent of the men. Public housekeeping has improved where women has been allowed to have hand in the government. Our so-called representative government can never be truly representative while one-half the adult population has no voice in the government."

### Men's Fight Tedious

"Men won the right to vote by a long-drawn fight. One hundred years ago few men in the United States had the voting franchise. Woman has won the moral right to vote by the change in social and economic conditions. A century ago each home was a unit in the community, producing the vast bulk of its necessities. Each man, with woman as a 'help-mate,' was a kind of workman. The men have been taken out of the home by the evolution of manufacturing, and woman has had to follow into the factories and sweatshops. The \$3,000,000,000 worth of goods now being produced in the United States is the result of the molding of laws to govern the conditions under which they shall labor."

It was announced by Mrs. Valentine that the Equal Suffrage booth at the State Fair this year will be located in the Administration Building. The league will hold a fair on the second Tuesday of November to raise money for the cause.

## CLEAN-UP LAW WEATHERS STORM

### Committee Recommends "Spotless Town" Ordinance With One Amendment

After a period of tribulation and adverse fortune the Umlauf "Spotless Town" ordinance will be in a fair way to become law. The committee on ordinances last night took it from the table, paved over its provisions for more than an hour, and ended half an hour before midnight by amending it for passage with an amendment relieving householders from the obligation to provide themselves with more than one metal garbage receptacle.

The chief objection lodged against the measure was that by requiring each householder to provide himself with two metal receptacles for the reception of ashes and garbage, respectively, it imposed a hardship on the poor. The two receptacles, it was claimed, would cost between \$5 and \$6—an amount which many families would find it hard to raise.

Councilman Umlauf, who appeared for the measure before the committee, consented to an amendment which permits the use of a wooden vessel for the reception of ashes, requiring only one metal receptacle. In this form the ordinance was recommended for passage.

The measure provides among other things for the separation of combustible from non-combustible matter, and prohibits under penalty, the throwing of refuse in the streets, parks or other public places. It was framed in accordance with the recommendation of the Society for the Betterment of Housing and Living Conditions in Richmond.

## RAINCOATS

A large assortment of garments made of domestic and foreign fabrics. Everything that is good. Everything that is right and that can be recommended for satisfactory service.

### Gans-Rady Company

## CAN'T CUT GAS RATE WITH FUEL SO HIGH

Unless Whole Plant Is Modernized, Price Must Stand, Says Beck.

"Unless our whole gas manufacturing plant is modernized and equipped with the newest fuel-saving devices, I see no hope for ever giving Richmond 75-cent gas," said Henry P. Beck yesterday. "There has been a continuous increase in the cost of coal and oil, and if a cut in the price of gas to the consumer is to be expected at all, it must come through improved and more economical manufacture."

Mr. Beck's statement is significant in the light of a report filed yesterday by Superintendent Knowles, of the Gas Works, with the Administrative Board, informing that body that a 100 per cent increase in the price of crude oil, as well as a small increase in the price of steam, will make it necessary to ask for an additional appropriation of \$26,796 to provide for the operation of the Gas Works until December 31.

### Crude Oil Costs Double

The increase in the price of crude oil, Superintendent Knowles reported, became effective September 1. Where it was formerly 25 cents a gallon, the price now charged is 50 cents a gallon. It is estimated, will consume 800,000 gallons from now until December 31.

Gas coal, of which the plant will need 6,500 tons, has gone up 2 cents a ton, and steam coal, of which 1,000 tons will be used, has been boosted 15 cents a ton.

According to the figures of Superintendent Knowles, the increased cost to the city of the materials named for the four months from September 1, when the higher prices went into effect, until December 31, when the year ends, will be approximately \$24,360. Adding to this a probable 10 per cent increase in the consumption of gas, the additional amount needed by the Gas Works to care for the city's needs until the end of the year is raised to \$26,796—the amount asked for yesterday.

The board adopted a resolution requesting the Mayor to recommend to the Council a special appropriation of \$26,796 for the expenses of the coal and oil account of the Gas Works, to meet the present emergency.

### Cheaper Gas Impossible

In view of the increased cost of production brought about by the rise in the price of raw material, 75-cent gas—long the goal of politicians and consumers alike—vanishes as a probability. Under the old contracts, it cost the city a little less than 60 cents a thousand cubic feet to deliver the gas to the consumer. The new prices for oil and coal, Mr. Knowles admitted last night, would raise the cost of production to nearly 75 cents.

Mr. Beck, discussing the radical increase in the charge for oil, saw no hope for cheaper gas except through extensive improvements to the city's gas-making plant. The city is at present supplying a mixture which consists approximately of two-thirds water gas and one-third coal gas. The product yields about twenty-two candlepower.

"While our equipment for making water gas is as good as any that can be found in the country," said Mr. Beck, "the means cannot be said of the plant for making coal gas. Since its installation there have been improvements which cut the cost of production considerably. There is no use looking for a reduction of the price of raw material, and the only chance of

### "THE LEOPARD'S SPOTS"

Shall we allow white girls to work under rich negro bosses? "The Leopard's Spots" answers that question. Academy—Matinee and Evening Today.

### National Conservation Exposition

Knoxville, Tenn., Reduced Rates Via N. & W. Ry.

For the above occasion the Norfolk and Western Railway, which is the most direct and quickest route to Knoxville, will sell round trip tickets to that point from Richmond at the following low fares, viz.: \$9.45, on sale every Tuesday and Thursday in September and October, good for seven days, \$14.00, on sale daily August 30th to November 1st, good for ten days, with privilege of thirty-day extension for \$1.00 additional, except that no ticket sold at either of the above rates will be good after November 3, 1913—Advertisement.

### Sanitary---

### Artistic---

### Durable---

Three essential requirements of your plumbing fixtures, all of which will be found in those we carry.

Ask your architect or plumber.

McGraw-Yarbrough Co.

WHOLESALE PLUMBING SUPPLIES,  
122 South Eighth Street.

61 New Phone 62  
Monroe 62

Have That Distinction  
Be

Royal Laundered

Phone Monroe 1958

relief lies in improving our method of manufacture."

Before proceeding with the installation of extensive additions and improvements to the present plant, suggested Mr. Beck, the city might with profit engage a skilled gas expert to make a detailed examination of the whole equipment and report a comprehensive scheme of overhauling. Such a procedure, he thought, would in the end be the most profitable. The installation of additional equipment, indiscriminately, he thought, provides only temporary relief, and will in the end only complicate the situation.

Increased \$75,000 a Year.  
In round figures, the increased cost of raw material will mean that the appropriation for this item alone will have to be increased \$75,000 a year. Placing the consumption at 600,000,000 cubic feet—a considerable increase over the consumption in the year ending December 31, 1912—the increased cost of manufacture as the result of the rise in the cost of the raw material, will be approximately 12 1-2 cents a thousand.

According to Superintendent Knowles the city manufactures gas that costs about 25 cents in the holder. This is considerably lower than the cost of production in Wheeling, W. Va., which next to Richmond has the largest municipally owned plant in the country. The difference between the cost of gas in the holders and its cost delivered at the Art, according to Mr. Knowles, is due to the large overhead expense in which taxation and interest play an important part.

### Marriage Licenses

&lt;